

kuta software infinite geometry the distance formula

Unlocking the Secrets of the Distance Formula with Kuta Software Infinite Geometry

kuta software infinite geometry the distance formula is a fundamental concept in coordinate geometry, and understanding it thoroughly is crucial for success in mathematics. This article delves deep into the intricacies of the distance formula, exploring its derivation, applications, and how Kuta Software's Infinite Geometry program can be an invaluable tool for mastering this essential skill. We will cover the core principles of the distance formula, provide step-by-step examples, and discuss its relevance in various mathematical contexts. Whether you are a student struggling with this concept or an educator looking for effective teaching resources, this comprehensive guide will equip you with the knowledge and confidence to tackle any distance formula problem. Prepare to unlock a deeper understanding of spatial relationships on the coordinate plane.

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Understanding the Foundation: The Pythagorean Theorem

Before we can fully grasp the distance formula, it's essential to revisit its bedrock: the Pythagorean Theorem. This theorem, famously stated as $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$, applies to right triangles, where 'a' and 'b' represent the lengths of

the two shorter sides (legs) and 'c' represents the length of the longest side (hypotenuse). In the context of the coordinate plane, the legs of our right triangle will be parallel to the x and y axes, making their lengths easily determinable by the difference in coordinates.

Imagine two points on a graph. Connecting these two points with a straight line forms the hypotenuse of a potential right triangle. The horizontal distance between the points will be one leg, and the vertical distance will be the other. The Pythagorean Theorem provides the mathematical framework to calculate the length of that connecting line, which is precisely what the distance formula does.

The Derivation of the Distance Formula

The distance formula is a direct extension of the Pythagorean Theorem to the coordinate plane. Let's consider two arbitrary points, P1 with coordinates (x1, y1) and P2 with coordinates (x2, y2). We can construct a right triangle where the segment connecting P1 and P2 is the hypotenuse. The horizontal leg of this triangle will have a length equal to the absolute difference between the x-coordinates, $|x2 - x1|$. Similarly, the vertical leg will have a length equal to the absolute difference between the y-coordinates, $|y2 - y1|$.

Applying the Pythagorean Theorem, where 'd' is the distance between P1 and P2 (the hypotenuse), we have: $d^2 = (|x2 - x1|)^2 + (|y2 - y1|)^2$. Since squaring a number always results in a non-negative value, the absolute value signs become redundant. Thus, we can simplify this to: $d^2 = (x2 - x1)^2 + (y2 - y1)^2$. Taking the square root of both sides to solve for 'd' gives us the distance formula: $d = \sqrt{(x2 - x1)^2 + (y2 - y1)^2}$.

Applying the Distance Formula: Step-by-Step Examples

Let's walk through a few examples to solidify your understanding of how to use the distance formula. The process is straightforward once you have the formula in hand.

Example 1: Finding the Distance Between Two Points

Suppose we need to find the distance between the points A(2, 3) and B(5, 7).

1. Identify the coordinates: $(x1, y1) = (2, 3)$ and $(x2, y2) = (5, 7)$.

2. Substitute these values into the distance formula: $d = \sqrt{(5 - 2)^2 + (7 - 3)^2}$.
3. Calculate the differences: $d = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (4)^2}$.
4. Square the differences: $d = \sqrt{9 + 16}$.
5. Add the squared values: $d = \sqrt{25}$.
6. Take the square root: $d = 5$.

The distance between points A and B is 5 units.

Example 2: Points with Negative Coordinates

Let's find the distance between C(-1, 4) and D(3, -2).

1. Identify the coordinates: $(x_1, y_1) = (-1, 4)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (3, -2)$.
2. Substitute into the distance formula: $d = \sqrt{(3 - (-1))^2 + (-2 - 4)^2}$.
3. Calculate the differences: $d = \sqrt{(3 + 1)^2 + (-6)^2}$.
4. Square the differences: $d = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (-6)^2}$.
5. Add the squared values: $d = \sqrt{16 + 36}$.
6. Take the square root: $d = \sqrt{52}$.

The distance is $\sqrt{52}$ units. This can be simplified to $2\sqrt{13}$ if a simplified radical form is required.

Key Concepts and Common Pitfalls

While the distance formula is conceptually simple, there are a few common errors that students often make. Being aware of these can prevent frustration and improve accuracy.

The Importance of Squaring

One of the most critical steps is squaring the differences of the x and y coordinates. This ensures that the result is always positive, even if the differences themselves are negative. Forgetting to square can lead to

incorrect negative values under the square root, which are not real numbers.

Order of Subtraction

It's important to remember that the order in which you subtract the coordinates within each pair ($x_2 - x_1$ or $x_1 - x_2$) does not matter because the result will be squared. For example, $(5 - 2)^2$ is the same as $(2 - 5)^2$ because both equal 9. However, maintain consistency within your calculations to avoid confusion.

Simplifying Radicals

In many cases, the result of the distance formula will be a square root that cannot be simplified to a whole number, such as $\sqrt{52}$. Learning to simplify radicals is an important mathematical skill. For $\sqrt{52}$, we look for the largest perfect square factor of 52, which is 4. So, $\sqrt{52} = \sqrt{(4 \cdot 13)} = \sqrt{4} \sqrt{13} = 2\sqrt{13}$.

Using the Formula Correctly

Ensure that you are consistently subtracting x-coordinates from each other and y-coordinates from each other. Mixing them up (e.g., $(x_2 - y_1)^2$) will lead to an incorrect distance calculation.

Leveraging Kuta Software Infinite Geometry for Distance Formula Mastery

Kuta Software's Infinite Geometry program is an exceptional resource for students and educators seeking to master the distance formula. Its user-friendly interface and comprehensive problem sets make practicing and reinforcing this concept highly effective. The software generates an unlimited number of practice problems tailored to specific learning objectives, including the distance formula.

Key benefits of using Kuta Software Infinite Geometry for the distance formula include:

- **Unlimited Practice:** The program generates a virtually endless supply of unique problems, ensuring you can practice until you feel confident.
- **Instant Feedback:** Many versions of the software provide immediate

feedback on answers, allowing for quick identification and correction of errors.

- **Varied Problem Types:** You can find problems that range from simple integer coordinates to those involving radicals or negative numbers, covering a wide spectrum of difficulty.
- **Worksheet Generation:** Educators can generate custom worksheets for their students, focusing specifically on the distance formula and its related concepts.
- **Reinforcement of Concepts:** Consistent practice with Kuta Software helps solidify the understanding of the formula and its application, reducing the likelihood of common mistakes.

By regularly working through the distance formula exercises in Kuta Software Infinite Geometry, students can build fluency and accuracy, which is essential for more advanced geometric and algebraic topics.

Real-World Applications of the Distance Formula

The distance formula is not just an abstract mathematical concept; it has practical applications in various fields. Understanding how to calculate distances between points on a map is fundamental in fields like navigation and surveying. In computer graphics and game development, the distance formula is used to determine the proximity of objects, detect collisions, and implement AI behaviors.

Furthermore, in physics, the distance formula can be used in problems involving motion, such as calculating the displacement of an object moving in two dimensions. In engineering, it's applied in structural analysis and design to determine lengths of components or distances between critical points. Even in everyday scenarios, like planning a road trip or measuring the shortest path between two locations on a diagram, the underlying principle of the distance formula is at play.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the core concept behind the Distance Formula in Kuta Software Infinite Geometry?

The Distance Formula in Kuta Software Infinite Geometry is derived from the Pythagorean theorem. It calculates the straight-line distance between two points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) on a coordinate plane by treating the horizontal

and vertical distances between them as the legs of a right triangle and the distance itself as the hypotenuse.

How does Kuta Software Infinite Geometry help users practice the Distance Formula?

Kuta Software Infinite Geometry provides customizable worksheets with a variety of problems involving the Distance Formula. Users can generate practice sets with different coordinate values, including positive, negative, and fractional coordinates, to solidify their understanding and calculation skills.

Are there specific types of problems Kuta Software Infinite Geometry generates for the Distance Formula?

Yes, Kuta Software Infinite Geometry generates a range of Distance Formula problems. These can include finding the distance between two points, determining if a set of points forms a specific shape (like a triangle or square) using the distance, and sometimes even working backward to find a missing coordinate given a distance.

What are some common pitfalls or errors users might make with the Distance Formula, and how can Kuta help?

Common errors include incorrectly squaring differences, forgetting to take the square root, or mishandling negative signs. Kuta Software's immediate feedback (if used in an interactive format) or by comparing their answers to the provided solutions can help users identify and correct these mistakes, reinforcing proper application of the formula.

Can Kuta Software Infinite Geometry be used to teach the application of the Distance Formula beyond simple calculations?

Absolutely. While it excels at basic calculations, Kuta Software can be used to generate problems that require students to apply the Distance Formula in more complex geometric scenarios, such as finding the perimeter or area of polygons, or verifying properties of geometric figures.

What is the mathematical formula for distance used in Kuta Software Infinite Geometry?

The mathematical formula used in Kuta Software Infinite Geometry to calculate the distance 'd' between two points (x1, y1) and (x2, y2) is: $d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$

$$x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2]$$

Additional Resources

Here are 9 book titles related to Kuta Software Infinite Geometry, the distance formula, and their descriptions:

1. *Navigating the Cartesian Plane: A Distance Formula Deep Dive*

This book offers a comprehensive exploration of the distance formula within the context of the Cartesian coordinate system. It breaks down the formula's derivation from the Pythagorean theorem, providing numerous worked examples and practice problems. The text aims to build student confidence in applying this fundamental concept in various geometric scenarios.

2. *Geometric Foundations: Unlocking the Distance Formula*

This resource serves as a foundational text for understanding key geometric concepts that lead to the distance formula. It begins with basic coordinate geometry, introduces the concept of line segments, and then meticulously explains how to calculate their lengths. Expect step-by-step solutions and visual aids to solidify comprehension for learners using Kuta Software.

3. *Applied Geometry: Solving Problems with the Distance Formula*

Focusing on practical applications, this book demonstrates how the distance formula is used to solve a variety of geometry problems. It covers calculating side lengths of triangles, determining if points are collinear, and finding the perimeter and area of shapes on the coordinate plane. The exercises are designed to mirror the complexity and types of problems encountered in Kuta Software's Infinite Geometry.

4. *The Geometry Toolkit: Mastering the Distance Formula*

This guide acts as an essential tool for students familiar with Kuta Software's approach to geometry. It provides clear explanations and targeted practice specifically on the distance formula and its related concepts. The book emphasizes building fluency and accuracy, ensuring students can efficiently use the formula in tests and assignments.

5. *Coordinate Geometry Mastery: From Basics to Distance Formula*

This title guides learners from the fundamental principles of coordinate geometry to a deep understanding of the distance formula. It meticulously illustrates how plotting points and understanding their relationships on a plane are crucial precursors. The book offers a structured learning path with ample opportunities to practice the distance formula in isolation and in conjunction with other coordinate geometry concepts.

6. *Distance, Midpoints, and Beyond: A Coordinate Geometry Journey*

Expanding on the distance formula, this book also incorporates related concepts like the midpoint formula. It shows how these tools work together to analyze geometric figures on the coordinate plane. The text provides exercises that integrate these formulas, encouraging a holistic approach to coordinate geometry problem-solving, akin to Kuta Software's comprehensive

modules.

7. The Power of Two Points: Calculating Distances Geometrically

This book delves into the conceptual underpinnings of the distance formula, emphasizing its visual and geometric interpretation. It uses diagrams and proofs to explain why the formula works, making it more intuitive for students. Learners will gain a deeper appreciation for how the distance formula arises from fundamental geometric principles, complementing their Kuta Software experience.

8. Infinite Geometry Skills: Perfecting the Distance Formula

Tailored for students who utilize Kuta Software's Infinite Geometry, this book offers targeted practice to perfect distance formula calculations. It addresses common challenges and provides strategies for efficient problem-solving. The content is designed to reinforce the skills developed through Kuta's exercises, ensuring mastery and preparedness.

9. Unlocking Geometric Distances: A Practical Guide to the Formula

This practical guide demystifies the distance formula for students encountering it for the first time or needing reinforcement. It provides clear, concise explanations and numerous examples that build from simple to complex. The book aims to empower learners with the confidence to apply the distance formula accurately in a variety of geometric contexts, aligning with Kuta Software's instructional style.

Kuta Software Infinite Geometry The Distance Formula

Kuta Software Infinite Geometry: The Distance Formula

Author: Dr. Anya Sharma, PhD Mathematics & Educational Technology

Ebook Outline:

Introduction: The Importance of the Distance Formula in Geometry and its Applications.

Chapter 1: Understanding the Distance Formula: Derivation and explanation of the formula.

Examples with varying levels of complexity.

Chapter 2: Applying the Distance Formula: Solving practical geometry problems using the distance formula. Focus on finding distances between points, lengths of line segments, and determining shapes based on distances.

Chapter 3: The Distance Formula and Coordinate Geometry: Connecting the distance formula to other coordinate geometry concepts like midpoint formula and slope.

Chapter 4: Advanced Applications and Problem-Solving: Exploring more challenging problems involving the distance formula and its integration with other geometric theorems.

Chapter 5: Kuta Software and Practice Problems: Detailed walkthroughs of selected Kuta Software problems, offering different solution strategies.

Conclusion: Recap of key concepts and future applications of the distance formula.

Kuta Software Infinite Geometry: Mastering the Distance Formula

The distance formula is a fundamental concept in coordinate geometry, offering a powerful tool for calculating distances between points on a Cartesian plane. Its applications extend far beyond simple calculations, providing a cornerstone for solving complex geometric problems and understanding spatial relationships. This comprehensive guide will delve into the intricacies of the distance formula, exploring its derivation, practical applications, and its connection to other key geometric concepts, all within the context of Kuta Software's Infinite Geometry platform.

1. Understanding the Distance Formula: Unveiling the Pythagorean Theorem

The distance formula itself is a direct application of the Pythagorean theorem. Recall that the Pythagorean theorem, applicable to right-angled triangles, states that the square of the hypotenuse (the longest side) is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides (legs). In coordinate geometry, we can represent two points, A and B, with coordinates (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , respectively. The distance between these two points can be visualized as the hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle.

The legs of this right-angled triangle are formed by the horizontal and vertical distances between the points. The horizontal distance is the absolute difference between the x-coordinates: $|x_2 - x_1|$. The vertical distance is the absolute difference between the y-coordinates: $|y_2 - y_1|$.

Applying the Pythagorean theorem, we derive the distance formula:

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Where 'd' represents the distance between points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) . Note that squaring the differences eliminates the need for absolute values, as squares are always non-negative.

Examples:

Simple Example: Find the distance between points A(1, 2) and B(4, 6).

$$d = \sqrt{(4 - 1)^2 + (6 - 2)^2} = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{9 + 16} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

Example with Negative Coordinates: Find the distance between points C(-2, 3) and D(1, -1).

$$d = \sqrt{(1 - (-2))^2 + (-1 - 3)^2} = \sqrt{3^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{9 + 16} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

Example involving decimals: Find the distance between points E(2.5, 1.0) and F(5.0, 4.5).

$$d = \sqrt{(5.0 - 2.5)^2 + (4.5 - 1.0)^2} = \sqrt{2.5^2 + 3.5^2} = \sqrt{6.25 + 12.25} = \sqrt{18.5} \approx 4.3$$

2. Applying the Distance Formula: Practical Geometrical Problems

The distance formula's power lies in its ability to solve a wide range of geometrical problems. Here are some examples:

Finding the length of a line segment: Given the coordinates of the endpoints of a line segment, the distance formula directly provides its length.

Determining the type of triangle: By calculating the lengths of all three sides of a triangle using the distance formula, we can determine if it's an equilateral, isosceles, or scalene triangle.

Checking for collinearity: Three or more points are collinear if they lie on the same straight line. We can check this by verifying if the sum of the distances between pairs of points equals the distance between the outermost points.

Finding the perimeter of a polygon: The distance formula allows us to calculate the lengths of all sides of a polygon (e.g., quadrilateral, pentagon), enabling the calculation of its perimeter.

Determining the equation of a circle: The distance formula is crucial in defining a circle. The equation of a circle with center (h, k) and radius r is $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$, which directly uses the distance formula to express the constant distance between any point (x, y) on the circle and its center.

3. The Distance Formula and Coordinate Geometry: Connections and Extensions

The distance formula is intimately linked to other key concepts in coordinate geometry:

Midpoint Formula: The midpoint of a line segment connecting points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) has coordinates $((x_1 + x_2)/2, (y_1 + y_2)/2)$. Understanding the midpoint formula complements the distance formula, allowing for the calculation of distances from the midpoint to the endpoints.

Slope: The slope of a line passing through points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) is $(y_2 - y_1)/(x_2 - x_1)$. The slope provides information about the inclination of the line, while the distance formula gives the length of the line segment.

Equation of a line: The distance formula can be used to find the distance from a point to a line, which is a more advanced application requiring techniques beyond the scope of this introduction but essential for higher-level geometry problems.

4. Advanced Applications and Problem-Solving: Challenging Scenarios

The distance formula's versatility extends to more complex scenarios:

Proofs involving geometric properties: The distance formula can be used to prove various geometric theorems, for instance, proving that a given set of points form a specific type of quadrilateral (e.g., parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus).

Optimization problems: In optimization problems, where we aim to find the minimum or maximum distance between points or objects, the distance formula is indispensable.

Three-dimensional coordinate geometry: The distance formula can be extended to three dimensions, allowing calculations of distances between points in 3D space. The formula becomes: $d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2}$.

5. Kuta Software and Practice Problems: Hands-on Application

Kuta Software's Infinite Geometry provides a rich collection of practice problems that reinforce understanding of the distance formula. By working through these problems, students can solidify their grasp of the formula's application and hone their problem-solving skills. Each problem presents a unique scenario that demands careful application of the formula, prompting students to analyze the problem, apply the appropriate formula, and interpret the results. The software provides immediate feedback, allowing for iterative learning and improvement. Working through a variety of problems, including those with varying levels of difficulty, will ultimately build confidence and mastery.

Conclusion: Embracing the Power of the Distance Formula

The distance formula is more than just a formula; it's a key that unlocks the door to a deeper understanding of coordinate geometry. Its applications are vast and extend far beyond the basics. By mastering the distance formula and its related concepts, students develop a crucial skill set for tackling a broad range of geometrical problems and for further exploration of advanced mathematical concepts. The utilization of resources like Kuta Software Infinite Geometry provides an excellent opportunity to practice and reinforce this crucial skill.

FAQs:

1. What is the difference between the distance formula and the Pythagorean theorem? The Pythagorean theorem is a foundational concept upon which the distance formula is built. The distance formula is a specific application of the Pythagorean theorem to find the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.
2. Can the distance formula be used in three-dimensional space? Yes, it can be extended to calculate distances between points in three dimensions.
3. How can I use the distance formula to determine if three points are collinear? If the sum of the distances between pairs of points equals the distance between the outermost points, then the points

are collinear.

4. What are some common mistakes students make when using the distance formula? Common mistakes include incorrect subtraction of coordinates, forgetting to square the differences, and neglecting the square root.
5. How does Kuta Software help in learning the distance formula? Kuta Software provides ample practice problems with varying difficulty levels and immediate feedback, enhancing understanding and skill development.
6. Can the distance formula be used to find the perimeter of any polygon? Yes, by calculating the lengths of all sides using the distance formula, the perimeter of any polygon can be determined.
7. What is the relationship between the distance formula and the equation of a circle? The equation of a circle is derived directly from the distance formula.
8. How can I apply the distance formula to solve real-world problems? The distance formula can be used to solve problems related to navigation, surveying, and mapping.
9. Are there any online resources besides Kuta Software that can help me learn the distance formula? Yes, many online resources, including Khan Academy and other educational websites, offer tutorials and practice problems.

Related Articles:

1. The Midpoint Formula in Coordinate Geometry: Explores the midpoint formula and its relationship to the distance formula.
2. Coordinate Geometry: An Introduction: Provides a foundational overview of coordinate geometry concepts.
3. Solving Geometry Problems Using the Pythagorean Theorem: Focuses on applying the Pythagorean theorem to solve various geometry problems.
4. Applications of Coordinate Geometry in Real-World Scenarios: Explores practical applications of coordinate geometry in diverse fields.
5. Advanced Coordinate Geometry Problems and Solutions: Presents and solves more complex coordinate geometry problems.
6. Understanding Slope and its Relationship to the Distance Formula: Explores the connection between slope and the distance formula.
7. The Equation of a Circle and its Derivation: Details the derivation and applications of the equation of a circle.
8. Three-Dimensional Coordinate Geometry and Distance Calculations: Expands the distance formula to three dimensions.
9. Using Kuta Software for Geometry Practice: A Comprehensive Guide: A detailed guide on effectively using Kuta Software for geometry practice.

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Questions is created to offer you a rigorous preparation for this vital section. If you are planning to take the SAT and need extra practice and a more in-depth review of the Math section, here's everything you need to get started. 411 SAT Algebra and Geometry Questions is an imperative study tool tailored to help you achieve your full test-taking potential. The most common math skills that you will encounter on the math portion of the SAT are covered in this book. Increase your algebra and geometry skills with proven techniques and test your grasp of these techniques as you complete 411 practice questions, including a pre- and posttest. Follow up by reviewing our comprehensive answer explanations, which will help measure your overall improvement. The questions are progressively more difficult as you work through each set. If you can handle the last question on each set, you are ready for the SAT! Book jacket.

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Computer Science at the State University of New York Albany. Joseph L. Mundy is a Coolidge Fellow at the Research and Development Center at General Electric. Geometric Reasoning is included in the series Special Issues from Artificial Intelligence: An International Journal. A Bradford Book

kuta software infinite geometry the distance formula: Differential Equations and Their Applications M. Braun, 2013-06-29 For the past several years the Division of Applied Mathematics at Brown University has been teaching an extremely popular sophomore level differential equations course. The immense success of this course is due primarily to two factors. First, and foremost, the material is presented in a manner which is rigorous enough for our mathematics and applied mathematics majors, but yet intuitive and practical enough for our engineering, biology, economics, physics and geology majors. Secondly, numerous case histories are given of how researchers have used differential equations to solve real life problems. This book is the outgrowth of this course. It is a rigorous treatment of differential equations and their applications, and can be understood by anyone who has had a two semester course in Calculus. It contains all the material usually covered in a one or two semester course in differential equations. In addition, it possesses the following unique features which distinguish it from other textbooks on differential equations.

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a significant increase in the number of end of chapter exercise problems some of which are oriented towards computer applications.

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Inequalities -Ratios, Proportional Relations & Variations-Functions -Linear Equations & Slope -Unit Rate & Percentages CHAPTER III GEOMETRY -Angles -Distance & Midpoint -Triangles & Type of Triangles -Similarity Theorem -Pythagorean Theorem -Coordinate Plane -Area & Perimeter -Circles, Circumference, & Area Volume CHAPTER IV PROBABILITY & STATISTICS -Mean, Median, Mode, & Range -Probability -Challenge Tests Answers Keys Disclaimer: All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced in whole or in part, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without written permission of the copyright owner.

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Lublin, Poland, in September 2017. The 49 regular papers presented in the proceedings were selected from 98 submissions. For the workshops and special sessions, that were held as integral parts of the PPAM 2017 conference, a total of 51 papers was accepted from 75 submissions. The papers were organized in topical sections named as follows: Part I: numerical algorithms and parallel scientific computing; particle methods in simulations; task-based paradigm of parallel computing; GPU computing; parallel non-numerical algorithms; performance evaluation of parallel algorithms and applications; environments and frameworks for parallel/distributed/cloud computing; applications of parallel computing; soft computing with applications; and special session on parallel matrix factorizations. Part II: workshop on models, algorithms and methodologies for hybrid parallelism in new HPC systems; workshop power and energy aspects of computations (PEAC 2017); workshop on scheduling for parallel computing (SPC 2017); workshop on language-based parallel programming models (WLPP 2017); workshop on PGAS programming; minisymposium on HPC applications in physical sciences; minisymposium on high performance computing interval methods; workshop on complex collective systems.

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