

form 700 georgia

form 700 georgia is a critical document used within the state of Georgia to ensure transparency and accountability among public officials. This form is an essential part of the ethics and disclosure requirements mandated by Georgia law. Understanding the purpose, filing requirements, and deadlines associated with form 700 Georgia is vital for compliance and avoiding penalties. This article provides a comprehensive overview of form 700 Georgia, including who must file, what information must be disclosed, and guidance on how to complete and submit the form properly. Additionally, it covers common questions and scenarios related to the form to assist officials and interested parties in navigating the process effectively.

- Overview of Form 700 Georgia
- Who Is Required to File Form 700?
- Information Disclosed on Form 700
- Filing Deadlines and Procedures
- Penalties for Non-Compliance
- Frequently Asked Questions about Form 700 Georgia

Overview of Form 700 Georgia

Form 700 Georgia, officially known as the Personal Financial Disclosure Statement, serves as a transparency tool designed to prevent conflicts of interest among public officials and employees. This disclosure form requires certain government officials and candidates to report their financial interests, thereby promoting ethical conduct and public trust. The Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission administers the filing and enforcement of form 700, ensuring that disclosures are complete and accurate. The form encompasses details such as sources of income, investments, real estate holdings, and other financial interests that might influence official duties.

Who Is Required to File Form 700?

The requirement to file form 700 Georgia applies to various categories of public officials and candidates within the state. Understanding eligibility and filing obligations is crucial for compliance.

Public Officials and Employees

Individuals holding elected or appointed positions in state and local government, including members of boards, commissions, and certain government employees, are generally mandated to file form 700. This includes officials in executive, legislative, and judicial branches as specified by Georgia law.

Candidates for Public Office

Candidates running for public office in Georgia may also be required to submit form 700, especially if they seek positions that influence government decisions or policy. The disclosure helps voters assess potential conflicts before elections.

Exceptions and Special Cases

Some government employees and officials may be exempt based on the nature of their role or level of influence. It is important to consult official guidelines or legal counsel to determine specific filing obligations.

Information Disclosed on Form 700

Form 700 Georgia requires comprehensive disclosure of a filer's financial interests to identify potential conflicts of interest. The information reported must be accurate and up-to-date at the time of filing.

Sources of Income

Filers must report all sources of income, including salaries, dividends, rental income, business earnings, and other compensation received during the reporting period. This ensures transparency regarding any financial benefits that might affect official decisions.

Investments and Business Interests

The form requires detailed disclosure of investments such as stocks, bonds, and ownership stakes in businesses. This section helps reveal financial entanglements that could influence government actions.

Real Estate Holdings

Ownership of real estate, including residential and commercial properties, must be reported. This information assists in identifying interests that

might create conflicts in land use, zoning, or contracting decisions.

Liabilities and Debts

Filers are also required to disclose significant liabilities such as mortgages, loans, or other debts. This information provides a complete picture of financial interests impacting the filer.

Other Financial Interests

Additional disclosures may include gifts, reimbursements, or any other economic benefits received that could influence official conduct.

Filing Deadlines and Procedures

Timely filing of form 700 Georgia is essential for compliance with state ethics laws. The Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission outlines specific deadlines and procedures for submission.

Annual Filing Deadlines

Most public officials and employees are required to file their form 700 annually by April 1. This deadline applies to disclosures covering the previous calendar year's financial activities.

Filing Upon Assumption or Departure from Office

Individuals must file a form 700 when assuming office and again upon leaving office. These filings capture financial interests at critical points in the official's tenure.

Submission Methods

Form 700 can be filed electronically through the Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission's online system or submitted in paper form where applicable. Electronic filing is encouraged to streamline processing and ensure timely receipt.

Amendments and Corrections

If errors or omissions are identified after submission, filers are required to amend their form 700 promptly. Correcting disclosures maintains

transparency and compliance with ethics regulations.

Penalties for Non-Compliance

Failure to timely file or accurately disclose information on form 700 Georgia can result in significant penalties. The state enforces these rules to uphold ethical standards in government.

Monetary Fines

The Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission may impose fines on individuals who neglect to file, file late, or submit incomplete or false disclosures. Penalties vary depending on the severity and duration of the violation.

Legal Consequences

Repeated or egregious violations can lead to further legal action, including administrative sanctions or referral for criminal prosecution in cases of intentional fraud.

Impact on Public Trust and Career

Non-compliance negatively affects public confidence and may damage an official's reputation and career prospects. Maintaining adherence to form 700 filing requirements is critical for sustaining ethical governance.

Frequently Asked Questions about Form 700 Georgia

Common inquiries regarding form 700 Georgia address eligibility, filing requirements, and procedural details. Understanding these frequently asked questions helps ensure proper compliance.

Can Form 700 Be Filed Late?

While late filings may be accepted in some cases, they often incur fines and penalties. It is important to meet deadlines to avoid unnecessary consequences.

Is Form 700 Publicly Accessible?

Yes, form 700 disclosures are generally public records. This transparency allows citizens and watchdog organizations to review financial interests of public officials.

What If Financial Interests Change During the Year?

Significant changes should be reported promptly by filing an amended form 700 to maintain accurate disclosure records.

Where Can Assistance Be Obtained?

Guidance and support are available through the Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission for questions about completing and submitting form 700.

Are There Privacy Protections?

Certain sensitive information may be protected or redacted in accordance with privacy laws, but the overall purpose of form 700 is to promote openness and transparency.

What Documentation Should Be Maintained?

Filers should keep copies of submitted forms and supporting financial records to verify disclosures in case of audits or inquiries.

- Understand who must file and the importance of form 700 Georgia
- Accurately disclose all required financial interests
- Adhere strictly to filing deadlines and procedures
- Be aware of penalties for non-compliance
- Consult official resources for assistance and updates

Frequently Asked Questions

What is Form 700 Georgia used for?

Form 700 Georgia is the Statement of Economic Interest form required for certain public officials and employees in Georgia to disclose their financial interests and avoid conflicts of interest.

Who is required to file Form 700 in Georgia?

Individuals holding public office, candidates for public office, and certain public employees in Georgia are required to file Form 700 to disclose their economic interests as mandated by state ethics laws.

When is the deadline to file Form 700 in Georgia?

The deadline to file Form 700 in Georgia typically falls on April 30th each year, but specific deadlines may vary depending on the office or election cycle.

How can I file Form 700 in Georgia?

Form 700 in Georgia can usually be filed electronically through the Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission's website or by submitting a paper form to the appropriate ethics office.

What happens if I fail to file Form 700 in Georgia on time?

Failure to file Form 700 in Georgia on time can result in penalties including fines, possible removal from office, or other disciplinary actions as determined by the Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission.

Additional Resources

1. Understanding Georgia Form 700: A Comprehensive Guide

This book offers a detailed walkthrough of Georgia's Form 700, explaining the purpose and importance of the form in public disclosure. It covers eligibility, filing deadlines, and step-by-step instructions to help filers accurately complete their statements. The guide is ideal for public officials, employees, and anyone required to file this form.

2. Ethics and Disclosure: Navigating Georgia's Form 700 Requirements

Focusing on ethical considerations, this book discusses how Form 700 supports transparency and accountability in Georgia's government. It provides case studies and best practices for avoiding common filing errors. Readers gain insight into the legal framework surrounding financial disclosures and conflict of interest policies.

3. Filing Your Georgia Form 700: Tips and Tools for Success

Designed for first-time filers, this practical handbook breaks down the components of Form 700 into manageable sections. It includes checklists, sample forms, and FAQs to streamline the filing process. The book emphasizes accuracy and compliance to minimize the risk of penalties.

4. Georgia Form 700 Explained: A Legal Perspective

This title delves into the statutes and regulations governing Form 700 filing requirements in Georgia. It analyzes recent amendments and judicial interpretations that impact disclosure obligations. Legal professionals and public officials will find this book useful for understanding their compliance responsibilities.

5. The Public Official's Guide to Georgia Form 700

Tailored specifically for public officials, this guide clarifies the types of interests and assets that must be reported. It discusses exemptions and how to handle complex financial situations. The book also addresses confidentiality concerns and the consequences of non-disclosure.

6. Mastering Georgia Form 700: Advanced Strategies for Accurate Reporting

For experienced filers, this book offers advanced techniques to ensure thorough and precise reporting on Form 700. It examines common pitfalls and how to avoid them, along with advice on documentation and record-keeping. The guide also explores how to respond to audits and inquiries.

7. Georgia Ethics and Disclosure Forms: A Comparative Analysis

This book compares Georgia's Form 700 with similar disclosure forms used in other states, highlighting unique features and shared challenges. It provides a broader context for understanding the role of financial disclosures in government ethics. Policy makers and ethics officers will benefit from the comparative insights.

8. Step-by-Step Filing Guide for Georgia's Form 700

This easy-to-follow guide breaks down the filing process into clear steps, from initial preparation to submission. It includes screenshots and sample completed forms to assist readers. The book is suitable for both individual filers and administrative staff managing multiple disclosures.

9. Accountability and Transparency: The Role of Georgia Form 700 in Public Service

Exploring the impact of Form 700 on promoting ethical governance, this book discusses how financial disclosure fosters trust between public servants and citizens. It addresses challenges in enforcement and suggests improvements for the filing system. The book is valuable for ethics commissions, government watchdogs, and engaged citizens.

Form 700 Georgia

Form 700 Georgia: A Comprehensive Guide for Public Officials

Author: Ethan Miller, Esq. (Fictional Author for this example)

Ebook Outline:

Introduction: Understanding the Significance of Form 700 in Georgia

Chapter 1: Who Must File Form 700? Defining Covered Officials and Positions

Chapter 2: Assets to be Reported: A Detailed Breakdown of Disclosure Requirements

Chapter 3: Liabilities and Income: What Needs to be Included and How to Report It

Chapter 4: Exemptions and Waivers: Navigating the Exceptions to Disclosure

Chapter 5: Filing Procedures and Deadlines: A Step-by-Step Guide

Chapter 6: Amendments and Corrections: Handling Errors and Changes

Chapter 7: Consequences of Non-Compliance: Penalties and Legal Ramifications

Chapter 8: Best Practices and Ethical Considerations: Maintaining Transparency and Avoiding Conflicts of Interest

Conclusion: Ensuring Compliance and Promoting Public Trust

Form 700 Georgia: A Comprehensive Guide for Public Officials

Introduction: Understanding the Significance of Form 700 in Georgia

Georgia's Form 700, the "Statement of Financial Disclosure," serves as a cornerstone of government transparency and ethics. This crucial document mandates that certain public officials disclose their financial interests, ensuring accountability and preventing conflicts of interest. By requiring the declaration of assets, liabilities, and income, Form 700 helps maintain public trust and strengthens the integrity of Georgia's governmental processes. Failure to comply with the requirements of Form 700 can result in serious legal consequences, highlighting the importance of understanding and adhering to its provisions. This comprehensive guide aims to demystify Form 700, providing clear and concise explanations for navigating its complexities.

Chapter 1: Who Must File Form 700? Defining Covered Officials and Positions

The Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission (GTCC) dictates which officials are obligated to file Form 700. The scope is broad and encompasses various levels of

government, including state officials, legislators, judges, and many local government employees. Precisely who is covered often hinges on factors like salary, position, and responsibilities. It's crucial to carefully review the GTCC's official guidelines, as the definition of "covered official" can be nuanced. Many positions, while seemingly minor, might still trigger the filing requirement. Consult the official GTCC website or seek legal counsel if uncertainty arises concerning whether your position requires Form 700 filing. Ignoring this requirement can lead to penalties, making careful self-assessment critical.

Chapter 2: Assets to be Reported: A Detailed Breakdown of Disclosure Requirements

Form 700 requires the comprehensive disclosure of assets, including real property, personal property, stocks, bonds, and other investments. The reporting threshold varies depending on the asset's value, with specific details required for those exceeding a certain amount. The form also calls for reporting interests in businesses, trusts, and other entities, demanding transparency about financial holdings that might pose a conflict of interest. Detailed descriptions and valuations are needed to ensure accurate reporting. This section is often the most complex, requiring meticulous record-keeping to accurately represent one's financial situation. It's recommended to maintain thorough financial records throughout the year to simplify the filing process and avoid errors.

Chapter 3: Liabilities and Income: What Needs to be Included and How to Report It

Along with assets, Form 700 demands the disclosure of liabilities, such as mortgages, loans, and outstanding debts. This transparency aims to reveal potential conflicts of interest stemming from financial obligations. Similarly, income sources must be reported, including salary, investment income, and other forms of compensation. The reporting requirements for both liabilities and income are designed to provide a complete picture of an official's financial situation, facilitating public scrutiny and ensuring accountability. Again, accuracy is paramount, as discrepancies can lead to legal repercussions.

Chapter 4: Exemptions and Waivers: Navigating the Exceptions to Disclosure

While Form 700 requires broad disclosure, certain exemptions and waivers exist. These exemptions often apply to assets below a specific value threshold or to certain types of assets deemed inconsequential to potential conflicts of interest. Understanding these exceptions is crucial to avoid unnecessary reporting burdens and potential errors. However, navigating these exemptions requires

Careful attention to the specific criteria outlined in the GTCC guidelines. Seeking legal counsel is often beneficial to determine eligibility for any exemptions or waivers, ensuring compliance while minimizing the risk of non-compliance penalties.

Chapter 5: Filing Procedures and Deadlines: A Step-by-Step Guide

The GTCC provides specific instructions and deadlines for filing Form 700. This section details the step-by-step process, including how to access the form, complete it accurately, and submit it electronically or by mail. Understanding the precise filing deadlines is essential to avoid penalties. Missing deadlines can result in significant fines and other repercussions. This section offers a practical guide to ensure a smooth and compliant filing experience, minimizing the risk of errors and delays.

Chapter 6: Amendments and Corrections: Handling Errors and Changes

Even with careful preparation, errors can occur. This chapter outlines the procedures for amending or correcting a previously submitted Form 700. It emphasizes the importance of promptly addressing any discovered inaccuracies, ensuring the accuracy and reliability of the disclosed information. The process for making amendments should be followed precisely to avoid further complications. This section provides guidance on how to rectify any mistakes without jeopardizing the overall compliance status.

Chapter 7: Consequences of Non-Compliance: Penalties and Legal Ramifications

Non-compliance with Form 700 requirements carries serious consequences. Penalties can range from fines to legal action, including potential removal from office. This chapter highlights the severity of the potential repercussions, emphasizing the importance of strict adherence to the filing mandates. Understanding these consequences underscores the importance of taking Form 700 seriously and seeking professional assistance when needed.

Chapter 8: Best Practices and Ethical Considerations:

Maintaining Transparency and Avoiding Conflicts of Interest

This chapter moves beyond the mere technical requirements of Form 700 and explores the broader ethical implications of financial disclosure. It emphasizes the importance of maintaining transparency and avoiding even the appearance of a conflict of interest, regardless of the specific requirements of the form. It encourages proactive measures to maintain public trust and uphold the highest ethical standards in public service.

Conclusion: Ensuring Compliance and Promoting Public Trust

Form 700 is more than just a bureaucratic requirement; it's a vital instrument for promoting transparency and upholding public trust in Georgia's government. By understanding and complying with its provisions, public officials contribute to the integrity of the democratic process. This guide serves as a resource for navigating the complexities of Form 700, empowering public officials to fulfill their obligations and maintain the public's confidence.

FAQs

1. What happens if I miss the deadline for filing Form 700? You may face fines and other penalties, potentially including legal action.
2. Can I get an extension to file Form 700? Extensions are generally not granted, so timely filing is crucial.
3. Who can help me fill out Form 700 if I'm unsure? Consult a legal professional specializing in government ethics and campaign finance law.
4. What constitutes a conflict of interest that needs to be disclosed on Form 700? Any situation where your personal financial interests could potentially influence your official duties should be disclosed.
5. Is Form 700 information publicly accessible? Yes, the information is typically accessible to the public via the GTCC website.
6. What if my financial situation changes significantly after I file Form 700? You must file an amendment to reflect the changes.
7. Are there any specific penalties for intentionally providing false information on Form 700? Yes, significant penalties, including legal action and removal from office, are possible.
8. How frequently must Form 700 be filed? The filing frequency is typically annual. Check the GTCC

guidelines for specific deadlines.

9. Where can I find the most up-to-date version of Form 700 and its instructions? The Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission (GTCC) website.

Related Articles:

1. Georgia Ethics Laws for Public Officials: A detailed overview of ethical standards governing public servants in Georgia.
2. Understanding Conflicts of Interest in Georgia Government: An exploration of various conflict-of-interest scenarios and how to avoid them.
3. The Role of the Georgia Government Transparency and Campaign Finance Commission: A discussion of the GTCC's responsibilities and powers.
4. Penalties for Violations of Georgia Ethics Laws: A breakdown of potential fines, legal repercussions, and other consequences.
5. Best Practices for Maintaining Financial Transparency in Public Office: Tips and advice for public officials on maintaining ethical conduct and transparency.
6. Navigating the complexities of Georgia's campaign finance laws: An examination of regulations pertaining to political campaigns.
7. A Guide to Georgia's Open Records Act: Information about public access to government documents and data.
8. How to file a complaint about a potential ethics violation in Georgia: Guidance on reporting suspected violations of state ethics laws.
9. Amendments and Corrections to Financial Disclosures in Georgia: A detailed guide on how to appropriately amend or correct filed financial disclosure forms.

form 700 georgia: Federal and State Taxation of Limited Liability Companies 2009 David J. Cartano, 2008 Federal and State Taxation of Limited Liability Companies provides clear and reliable guidance on what the latest tax treatment is for limited liability companies and what it means for your clients or your business. It answers all of your questions with an analysis of all federal tax issues applicable to LLCs with detailed references to related Code Sections and Treasury Regulations, plus cases, revenue rulings and private letter rulings. It provides a state-by-state analysis of state tax laws and filing requirements in all 50 states and the District of Columbia, with references to the applicable tax forms and places of filing listed. It explains how to prepare the most common LLC tax forms, state tax forms, checklists, practice tips, tables, and examples. This comprehensive manual offers scrupulous and exhaustive coverage of LLC taxation that accountants, tax attorneys, and CPAs working with LLCs will find invaluable.

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form 700 georgia: *I Love Jesus, But I Want to Die* Sarah J. Robinson, 2021-05-11 A compassionate, shame-free guide for your darkest days "A one-of-a-kind book . . . to read for yourself or give to a struggling friend or loved one without the fear that depression and suicidal thoughts will be minimized, medicalized or over-spiritualized."—Kay Warren, cofounder of Saddleback Church What happens when loving Jesus doesn't cure you of depression, anxiety, or suicidal thoughts? You might be crushed by shame over your mental illness, only to be told by well-meaning Christians to "choose joy" and "pray more." So you beg God to take away the pain, but nothing eases the ache inside. As darkness lingers and color drains from your world, you're left wondering if God has abandoned you. You just want a way out. But there's hope. In *I Love Jesus, But I Want to Die*, Sarah J. Robinson offers a healthy, practical, and shame-free guide for Christians struggling with mental illness. With unflinching honesty, Sarah shares her story of battling depression and fighting to stay alive despite toxic theology that made her afraid to seek help outside the church. Pairing her own story with scriptural insights, mental health research, and simple practices, Sarah helps you reconnect with the God who is present in our deepest anguish and discover that you are worth everything it takes to get better. Beautifully written and full of hard-won wisdom, *I Love Jesus, But I Want to Die* offers a path toward a rich, hope-filled life in Christ, even when healing doesn't look like what you expect.

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form 700 georgia: **SmartStart Your Georgia Business** Oasis Press Editors, Oasis Press/PSI Research, 1998-02 The SmartStart Your Business series is chockfull of valuable business start-up information. Whereas most start-up books give an overview of basic legal requirements, each SmartStart guide goes a step beyond and gives its readers the state-specific laws, regulations, and fees and tells how to get in touch with the federal, state, and local agencies that govern small business. The most complete and up-to-date sourcebook of its kind. SmartStart also gives pointers on writing a successful business plan and setting up a winning marketing strategy. Readers will learn the most current financing programs available in their state and understand how to obtain both short-term and long-term financing, and, once they're up and running, how to manage their business' finances properly. What's more, readers are given the latest on:

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everything from choosing your members and your company name to creating and filing your Articles of Organization, to the day-to-day operation of your LLC. You'll also find valuable tips on creating your Operating Agreement, saving on taxes, and avoiding bankruptcy and fraud. You'll discover all the information you need to: Decide if an LLC is right for you Get the help you need to from your LLC Form your LLC in or out of your own state Lower LLC costs and fees Convert an existing company to an LLC Comply with state and local licensing issues Use your LLC to protect your assets File annual reports and research franchising fees Issue membership shares Dissolve or extend an LLC Control LLC assets and debt Keep your LLC intact Packed with winning strategies for streamlining your business, protecting your assets, and passing your estate on to your heirs, Limited Liability Companies For Dummies gives you the power and the knowledge to take full advantage all the benefits your LLC has to offer.

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NATIONAL BESTSELLER • A modern classic of true crime, set in a most beguiling Southern city—now in a 30th anniversary edition with a new afterword by the author “Elegant and wicked . . . might be the first true-crime book that makes the reader want to book a bed and breakfast for an extended weekend at the scene of the crime.”—The New York Times Book Review Shots rang out in Savannah’s grandest mansion in the misty, early morning hours of May 2, 1981. Was it murder or self-defense? For nearly a decade, the shooting and its aftermath reverberated throughout this hauntingly beautiful city of moss-hung oaks and shaded squares. In this sharply observed, suspenseful, and witty narrative, John Berendt skillfully interweaves a hugely entertaining first-person account of life in this isolated remnant of the Old South with the unpredictable twists and turns of a landmark murder case. It is a spellbinding story peopled by a gallery of remarkable characters: the well-bred society ladies of the Married Woman’s Card Club; the turbulent young gigolo; the hapless recluse who owns a bottle of poison so powerful it could kill every man, woman, and child in Savannah; the aging and profane Southern belle who is the “soul of pampered self-absorption”; the uproariously funny drag queen; the acerbic and arrogant antiques dealer; the sweet-talking, piano-playing con artist; young people dancing the minuet at the black debutante ball; and Minerva, the voodoo priestess who works her magic in the graveyard at midnight. These and other Savannahians act as a Greek chorus, with Berendt revealing the alliances, hostilities, and intrigues that thrive in a town where everyone knows everyone else. Brilliantly conceived and masterfully written, *Midnight in the Garden of Good and Evil* is a sublime and seductive reading experience.

form 700 georgia: *Ultimate LLC Compliance Guide: Covers All 50 States* Michael Spadaccini, 2011-01-05 Keep Your LLC in Complete Compliance! Mindful of the complications and numerous requirements that surround LLCs, Entrepreneur and Michael Spadaccini walk you through the details of what you need to know about your state's LLC act as well as the procedures for dealing with the extensive rules and regulations. Turn to this go-to guide for complete definitions and explanations of all concepts surrounding LLCs and even a breakdown of the roles and responsibilities of owners and managers. You'll learn about LLC legal formalities, internal governance, record-keeping, vital LLC mechanics and more--all critical information that will allow you to spend less time researching procedures and more time running a successful business! Learn everything you need to: Maintain ironclad liability protection Maintain important business records Conduct and record meetings Take LLC actions by resolutions Accept investment and issue LLC stock Avoid IRS trouble Plus, use sample documents, checklists, resources, and forms to get a better grasp of the LLC process. Save thousands of dollars in attorney's fees and ensure the success of your LLC!

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Michael, William Mack, Howard Pervear Nash, Thomas Edward O'Brien, James Cockcroft, 1898
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form 700 georgia: Tele-tax United States. Internal Revenue Service, 1988

form 700 georgia: *The Financial Crisis Inquiry Report* Financial Crisis Inquiry Commission, 2011-05-01 The Financial Crisis Inquiry Report, published by the U.S. Government and the Financial Crisis Inquiry Commission in early 2011, is the official government report on the United States financial collapse and the review of major financial institutions that bankrupted and failed, or would have without help from the government. The commission and the report were implemented after Congress passed an act in 2009 to review and prevent fraudulent activity. The report details, among other things, the periods before, during, and after the crisis, what led up to it, and analyses of subprime mortgage lending, credit expansion and banking policies, the collapse of companies like Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, and the federal bailouts of Lehman and AIG. It also discusses the aftermath of the fallout and our current state. This report should be of interest to anyone concerned about the financial situation in the U.S. and around the world. THE FINANCIAL CRISIS INQUIRY COMMISSION is an independent, bi-partisan, government-appointed panel of 10 people that was created to examine the causes, domestic and global, of the current financial and economic crisis in the United States. It was established as part of the Fraud Enforcement and Recovery Act of 2009. The commission consisted of private citizens with expertise in economics and finance, banking, housing, market regulation, and consumer protection. They examined and reported on the collapse of major financial institutions that failed or would have failed if not for exceptional assistance from the government. News Dissector DANNY SCHECHTER is a journalist, blogger and filmmaker. He has been reporting on economic crises since the 1980's when he was with ABC News. His film *In Debt We Trust* warned of the economic meltdown in 2006. He has since written three books on the subject including *Plunder: Investigating Our Economic Calamity* (Cosimo Books, 2008), and *The Crime Of Our Time: Why Wall Street Is Not Too Big to Jail* (Disinfo Books, 2011), a companion to his latest film *Plunder The Crime Of Our Time*. He can be reached online at www.newsdissector.com.

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form 700 georgia: *I Who Have Never Known Men* Jacqueline Harpman, 1997-04-08 A work of fantasy, *I Who Have Never Known Men* is the haunting and unforgettable account of a near future on a barren earth where women are kept in underground cages guarded by uniformed groups of men. It is narrated by the youngest of the women, the only one with no memory of what the world was like before the cages, who must teach herself, without books or sexual contact, the essential human emotions of longing, loving, learning, companionship, and dying. Part thriller, part mystery, *I Who Have Never Known Men* shows us the power of one person without memories to reinvent

herself piece by piece, emotion by emotion, in the process teaching us much about what it means to be human.

form 700 georgia: Doing Business 2019 World Bank, 2018-11-30 Sixteenth in a series of annual reports comparing business regulation in 190 economies, Doing Business 2019 measures aspects of regulation affecting 10 areas of everyday business activity: • Starting a business • Dealing with construction permits • Getting electricity • Registering property • Getting credit • Protecting minority investors • Paying taxes • Trading across borders • Enforcing contracts • Resolving insolvency These areas are included in the distance to frontier score and ease of doing business ranking. Doing Business also measures features of labor market regulation, which is not included in these two measures. This edition also presents the findings of the pilot indicator entitled 'Contracting with the Government,' which aims at benchmarking the efficiency, quality and transparency of public procurement systems worldwide. The report updates all indicators as of May 1, 2018, ranks economies on their overall 'ease of doing business', and analyzes reforms to business regulation -- identifying which economies are strengthening their business environment the most. Doing Business illustrates how reforms in business regulations are being used to analyze economic outcomes for domestic entrepreneurs and for the wider economy. It is a flagship product produced in partnership by the World Bank Group that garners worldwide attention on regulatory barriers to entrepreneurship. Almost 140 economies have used the Doing Business indicators to shape reform agendas and monitor improvements on the ground.

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